

Università degli Studi di Padova – Dipartimento di Ingegneria Industriale
Corso di Laurea in Ingegneria meccanica

***Relazione per la prova finale
«Analisi e simulazione meccanismo
di Theo Jansen»***

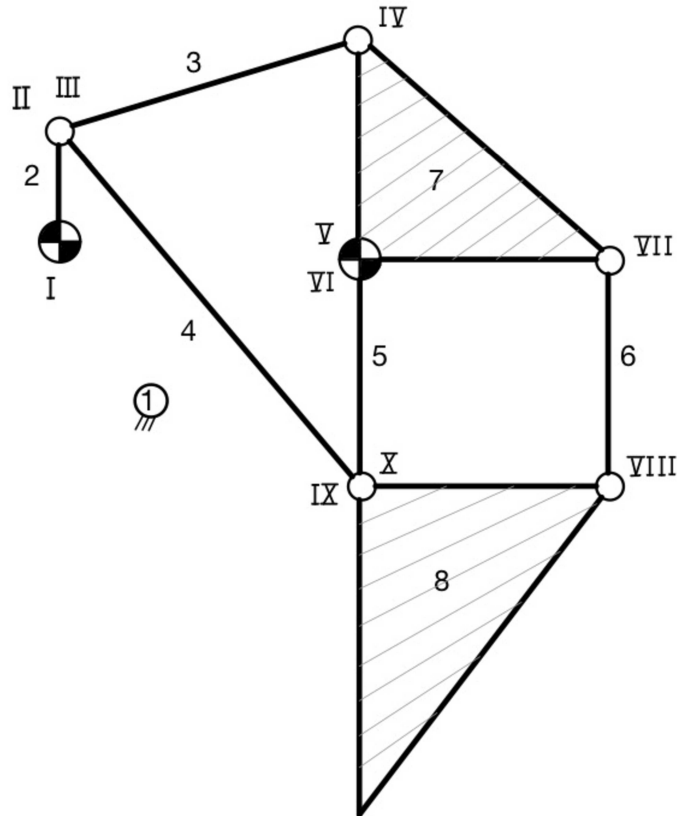
Tutor universitario: Ing. Bottin Matteo

Laureando: *Faccini Nicolò*

Padova, 06/07/2022

Il meccanismo in questione è utilizzato da Theo Jansen per il movimento delle sue sculture cinetiche.





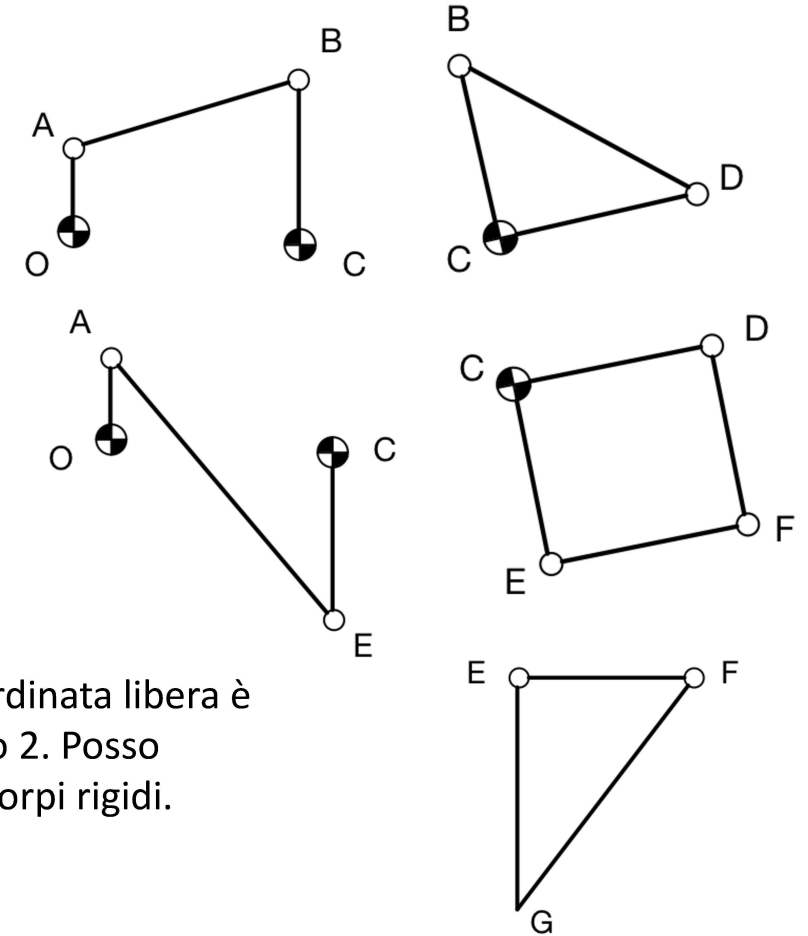
Calcolo dei gradi di libertà del meccanismo:

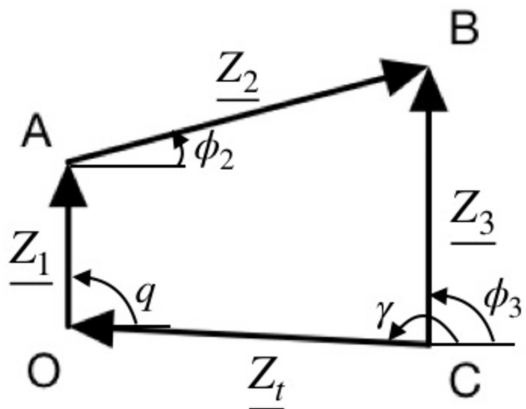
$$n = 3(m - 1) - 2C_1 - C_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= 8 \\ C_1 &= 10 \\ C_2 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$n = 3(8 - 1) - 2 \cdot 10 = 1$$

Il meccanismo ha 1 grado di libertà. La coordinata libera è l'angolo della manovella, nonché il membro 2. Posso individuare 3 maglie, i membri 7 e 8 sono corpi rigidi.





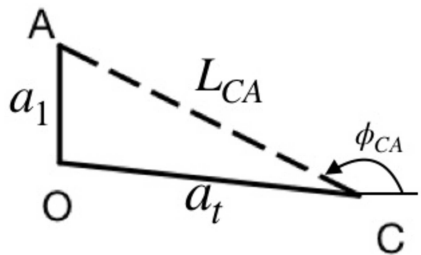
$$\underline{Z}_1 + \underline{Z}_2 - \underline{Z}_3 + \underline{Z}_t = \underline{0}$$

$$a_1 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos q \\ \sin q \end{Bmatrix} + a_2 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_2 \\ \sin \phi_2 \end{Bmatrix} - a_3 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_3 \\ \sin \phi_3 \end{Bmatrix} + a_t \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \gamma \\ \sin \gamma \end{Bmatrix} = \underline{0}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_A \\ y_A \end{Bmatrix} = a_1 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos q \\ \sin q \end{Bmatrix}$$

Grandezze ricavate:

$$\phi_3 = \phi_{CA} - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{L_{CA}^2 + a_3^2 - a_2^2}{2 \cdot L_{CA} \cdot a_3} \right)$$

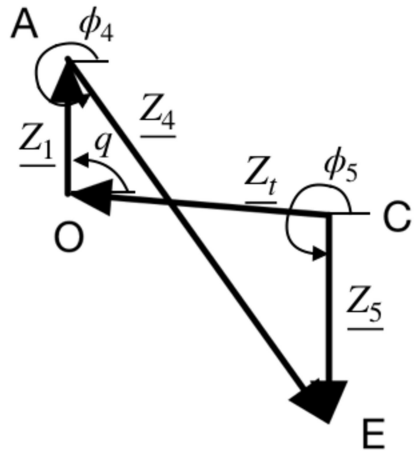


$$L_{CA} = \sqrt{(x_C^2 - x_A^2) + (y_C^2 - y_A^2)}$$

$$\phi_{CA} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_A - y_C}{x_A - x_C} \right)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_B \\ y_B \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_C \\ y_C \end{Bmatrix} + a_3 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_3 \\ \sin \phi_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\phi_2 = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_B - y_A}{x_B - x_A} \right)$$

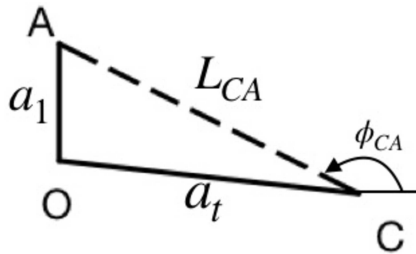


$$\underline{Z}_1 + \underline{Z}_4 - \underline{Z}_5 + \underline{Z}_t = \underline{0}$$

$$a_1 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos q \\ \sin q \end{Bmatrix} + a_4 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_4 \\ \sin \phi_4 \end{Bmatrix} - a_5 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_5 \\ \sin \phi_5 \end{Bmatrix} + a_t \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \gamma \\ \sin \gamma \end{Bmatrix} = \underline{0}$$

Grandezze ricavate:

$$\phi_5 = \phi_{CA} + \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{L_{CA}^2 + a_5^2 - a_4^2}{2 \cdot L_{CA} \cdot a_5} \right)$$

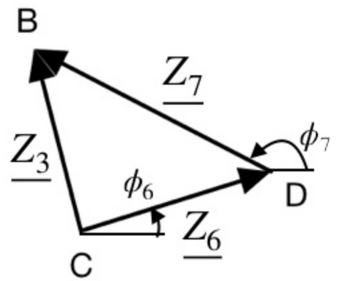


$$L_{CA} = \sqrt{(x_C^2 - x_A^2) + (y_C^2 - y_A^2)}$$

$$\phi_{CA} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_A - y_C}{x_A - x_C} \right)$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_E \\ y_E \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_C \\ y_C \end{Bmatrix} + a_5 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos \phi_5 \\ \sin \phi_5 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\phi_4 = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_E - y_A}{x_E - x_A} \right)$$



$$\phi_6 = \phi_3 - 90^\circ$$

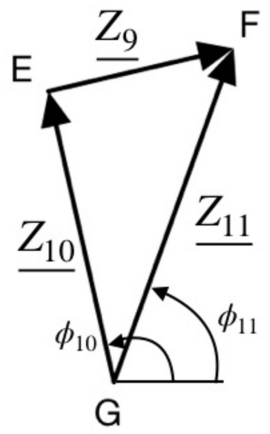
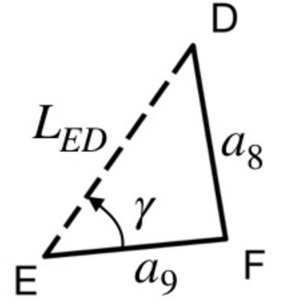
$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_D \\ y_D \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_C \\ y_C \end{Bmatrix} + a_6 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos\phi_6 \\ \sin\phi_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\phi_7 = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_B - y_D}{x_B - x_D} \right)$$

$$L_{ED} = \sqrt{(x_E^2 - x_D^2) + (y_E^2 - y_D^2)}$$

$$\gamma = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{L_{ED}^2 + a_9^2 - a_8^2}{2 \cdot L_{ED} \cdot a_9} \right)$$

$$\phi_{ED} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_D - y_E}{x_D - x_E} \right)$$



$$\phi_{10} = \phi_9 + 90^\circ$$

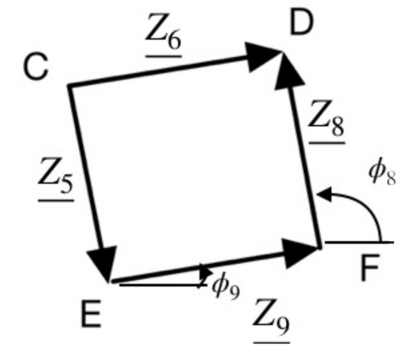
$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_G \\ y_G \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_E \\ y_E \end{Bmatrix} - a_{10} \begin{Bmatrix} \cos\phi_{10} \\ \sin\phi_{10} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\phi_{11} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_F - y_G}{x_F - x_G} \right)$$

$$\phi_9 = \phi_{ED} - \gamma$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} x_F \\ y_F \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_E \\ y_E \end{Bmatrix} + a_9 \begin{Bmatrix} \cos\phi_9 \\ \sin\phi_9 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\phi_8 = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_D - y_F}{x_D - x_F} \right)$$



Derivo l'equazione di maglia:

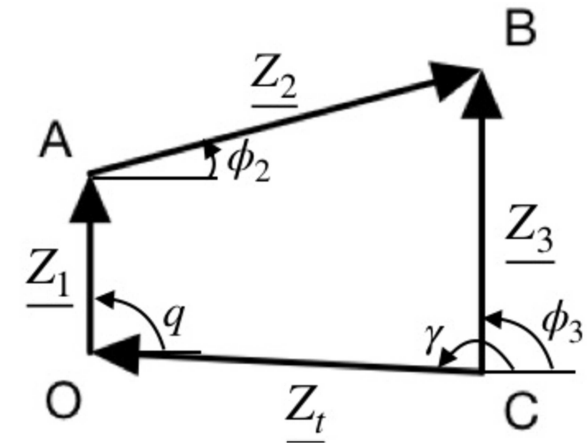
$$a_1 \begin{Bmatrix} -\operatorname{sen}q \\ \operatorname{cos}q \end{Bmatrix} \dot{q} + a_2 \begin{Bmatrix} -\operatorname{sen}\phi_2 \\ \operatorname{cos}\phi_2 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_2 - a_3 \begin{Bmatrix} -\operatorname{sen}\phi_3 \\ \operatorname{cos}\phi_3 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_3 = \underline{0}$$

Definisco matrice Jacobiana e vettore dei termini noti:

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -a_2 \operatorname{sen}\phi_2 & a_3 \operatorname{sen}\phi_3 \\ a_2 \operatorname{cos}\phi_2 & -a_3 \operatorname{cos}\phi_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{Bmatrix} -a_1 \operatorname{sen}q \\ a_1 \operatorname{cos}q \end{Bmatrix}$$

Calcolo rapporti di velocità:

$$\begin{Bmatrix} w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} = -J^{-1}A = \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{-a_1 \operatorname{sen}(\phi_3 + q)}{a_2 \operatorname{sen}(\phi_2 - \phi_3)} \\ \frac{a_1 \operatorname{sen}(\phi_2 + q)}{a_3 \operatorname{sen}(\phi_2 - \phi_3)} \end{Bmatrix}$$



Grandezze ottenute:

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_2 \\ \dot{\phi}_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} w_2 \\ w_3 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{q}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_B \\ \dot{y}_B \end{Bmatrix} = a_3 \begin{Bmatrix} -\operatorname{sen}\phi_3 \\ \operatorname{cos}\phi_3 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_3$$

Derivo l'equazione di maglia:

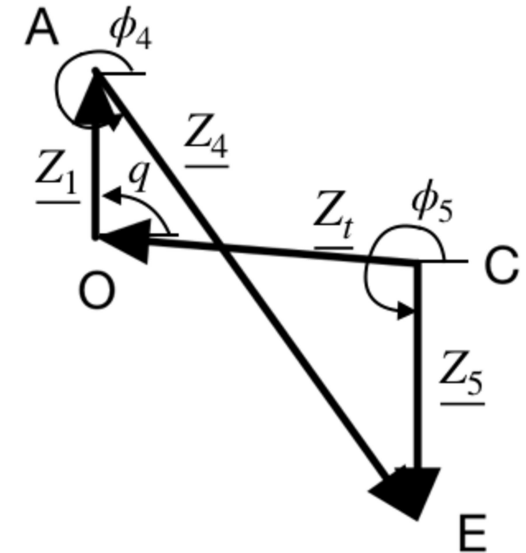
$$a_1 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}q \\ \text{cos}q \end{Bmatrix} \dot{q} + a_4 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_4 \\ \text{cos}\phi_4 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_4 - a_5 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_5 \\ \text{cos}\phi_5 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_5 = \underline{0}$$

Definisco matrice Jacobiana e vettore dei termini noti:

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -a_4 \text{sen}\phi_4 & a_5 \text{sen}\phi_5 \\ a_4 \text{cos}\phi_4 & -a_5 \text{cos}\phi_5 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{Bmatrix} -a_1 \text{sen}q \\ a_1 \text{cos}q \end{Bmatrix}$$

Calcolo rapporti di velocità:

$$\begin{Bmatrix} w_4 \\ w_5 \end{Bmatrix} = -J^{-1}A = \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{-a_1 \text{sen}(\phi_5 + q)}{a_4 \text{sen}(\phi_4 - \phi_5)} \\ \frac{a_1 \text{sen}(\phi_4 + q)}{a_5 \text{sen}(\phi_4 - \phi_5)} \end{Bmatrix}$$



Grandezze ottenute:

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_4 \\ \dot{\phi}_5 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} w_4 \\ w_5 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{q}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_E \\ \dot{y}_E \end{Bmatrix} = a_5 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_5 \\ \text{cos}\phi_5 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_5$$

Derivo l'equazione di maglia:

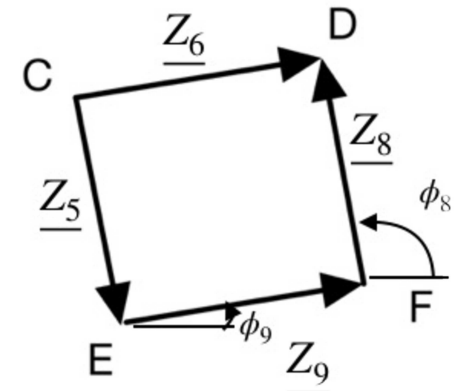
$$a_5 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_5 \\ \text{cos}\phi_5 \end{Bmatrix} w_5 \dot{q} + a_9 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_9 \\ \text{cos}\phi_9 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_9 + a_8 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_8 \\ \text{cos}\phi_8 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_8 - a_6 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_6 \\ \text{cos}\phi_6 \end{Bmatrix} w_6 \dot{q} = \underline{0}$$

Definisco matrice Jacobiana e vettore dei termini noti:

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -a_8 \text{sen}\phi_8 & -a_9 \text{sen}\phi_9 \\ a_8 \text{cos}\phi_8 & a_9 \text{cos}\phi_9 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{Bmatrix} -a_5 w_5 \text{sen}\phi_5 + a_6 w_6 \text{sen}\phi_6 \\ a_5 w_5 \text{cos}\phi_5 - a_6 w_6 \text{cos}\phi_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Calcolo rapporti di velocità:

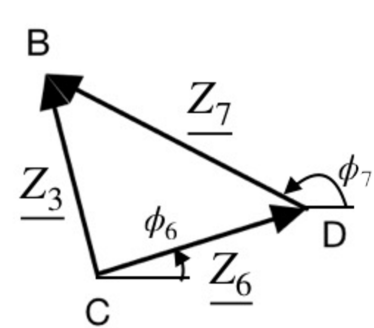
$$\begin{Bmatrix} w_8 \\ w_9 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{a_5 a_9 w_5 \text{sen}(\phi_5 + \phi_9) - a_6 a_9 w_6 \text{sen}(\phi_6 + \phi_9)}{a_8 a_9 \text{sen}(\phi_9 - \phi_8)} \\ \frac{a_5 a_8 w_5 \text{sen}(\phi_5 + \phi_8) - a_6 w_6 a_8 \text{sen}(\phi_6 + \phi_8)}{a_8 a_9 \text{sen}(\phi_9 - \phi_8)} \end{Bmatrix}$$



Grandezze ottenute:

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_8 \\ \dot{\phi}_9 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} w_8 \\ w_9 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{q}$$

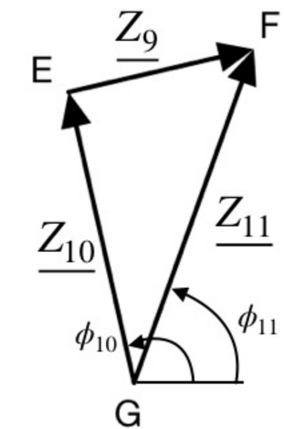
$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_F \\ \dot{y}_F \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_E \\ \dot{y}_E \end{Bmatrix} + a_9 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_9 \\ \text{cos}\phi_9 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_9$$



$$\dot{\phi}_6 = \dot{\phi}_3 \rightarrow w_6 = w_3$$

$$\dot{\phi}_6 = w_6 \dot{q}$$

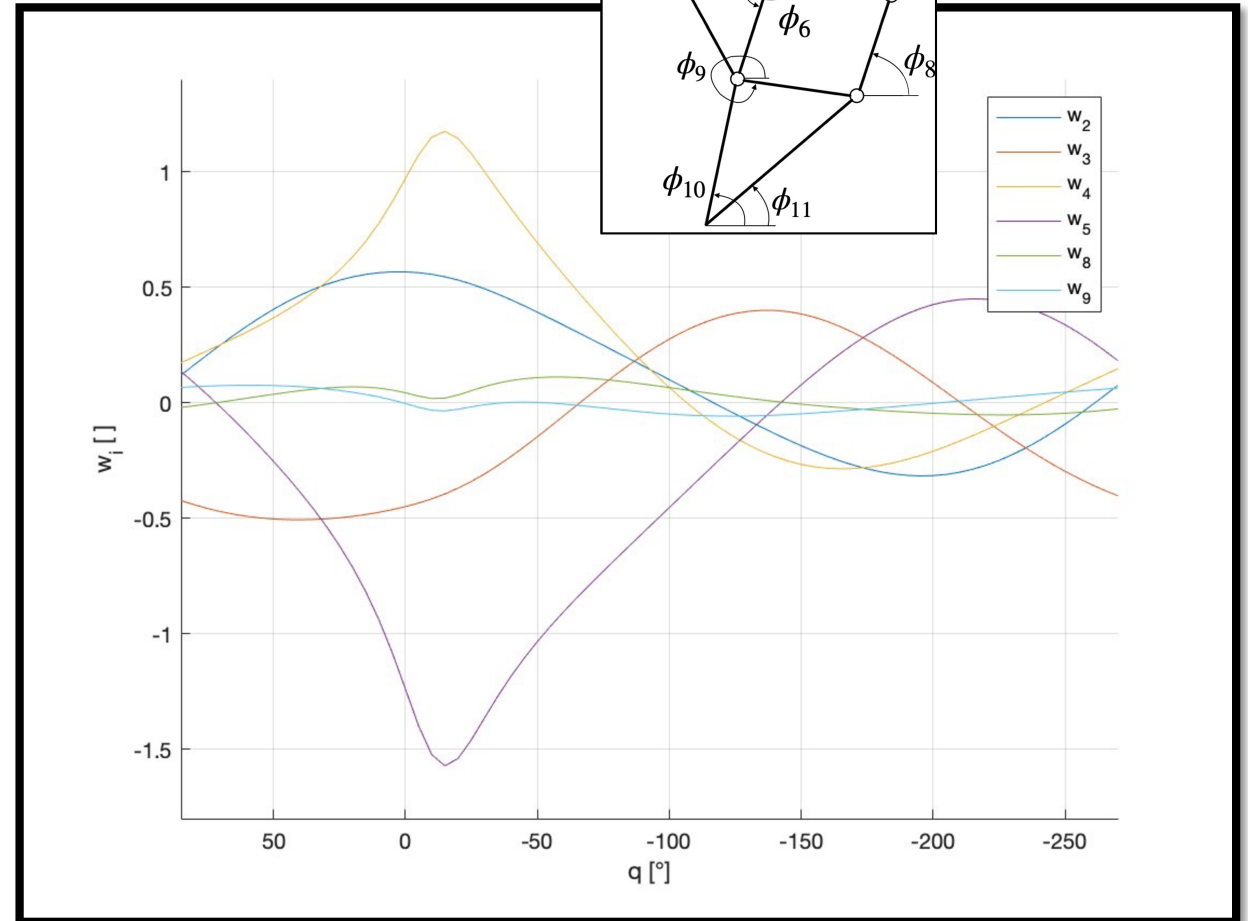
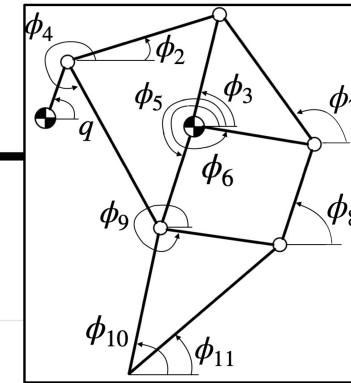
$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_D \\ \dot{y}_D \end{Bmatrix} = a_6 \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_6 \\ \text{cos}\phi_6 \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_6$$



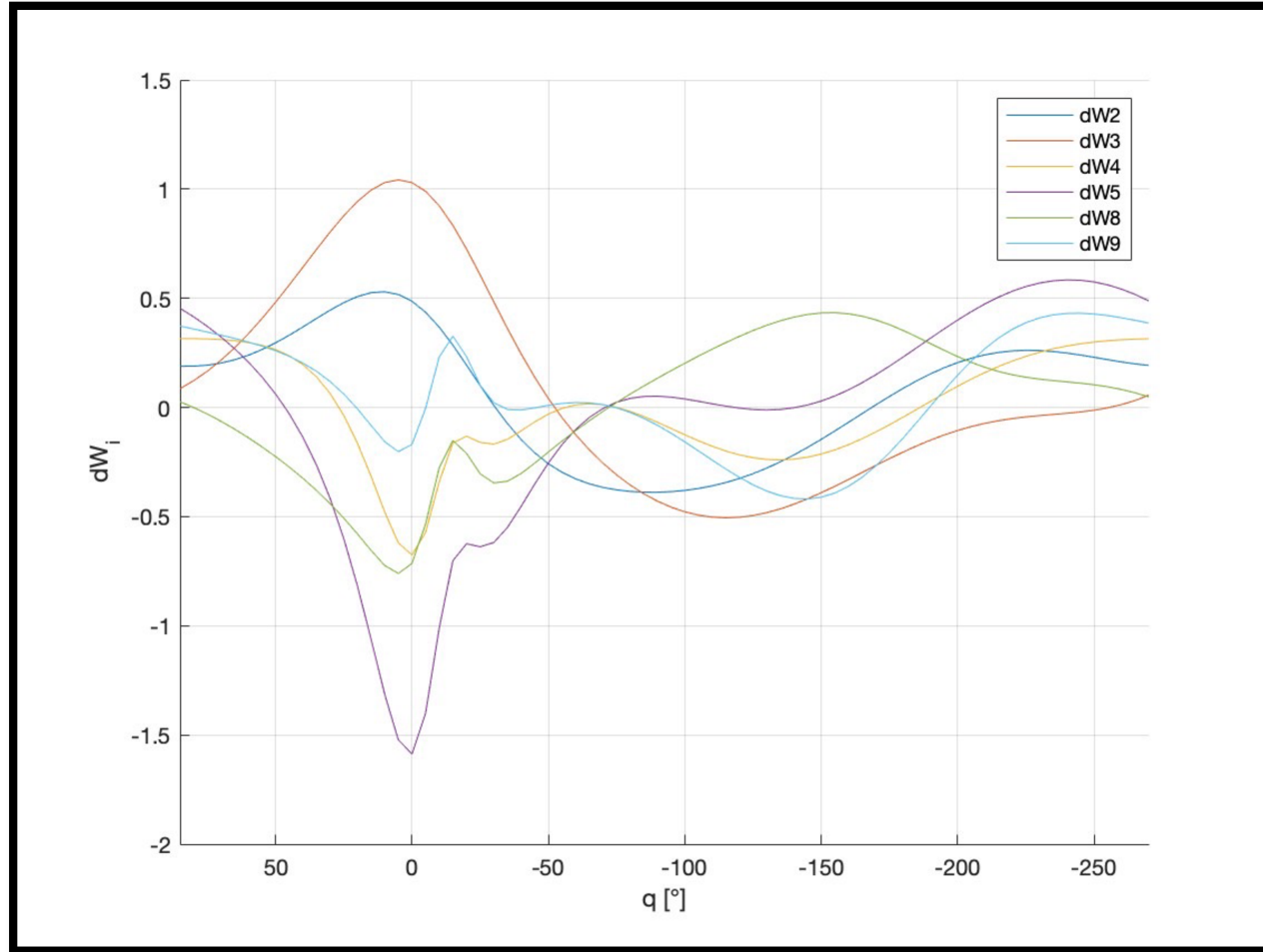
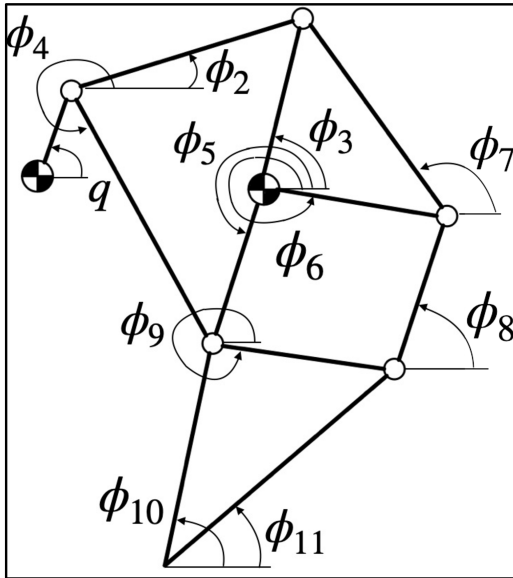
$$\dot{\phi}_9 = \dot{\phi}_{10} \rightarrow w_{10} = w_9$$

$$\dot{\phi}_{10} = w_{10} \dot{q}$$

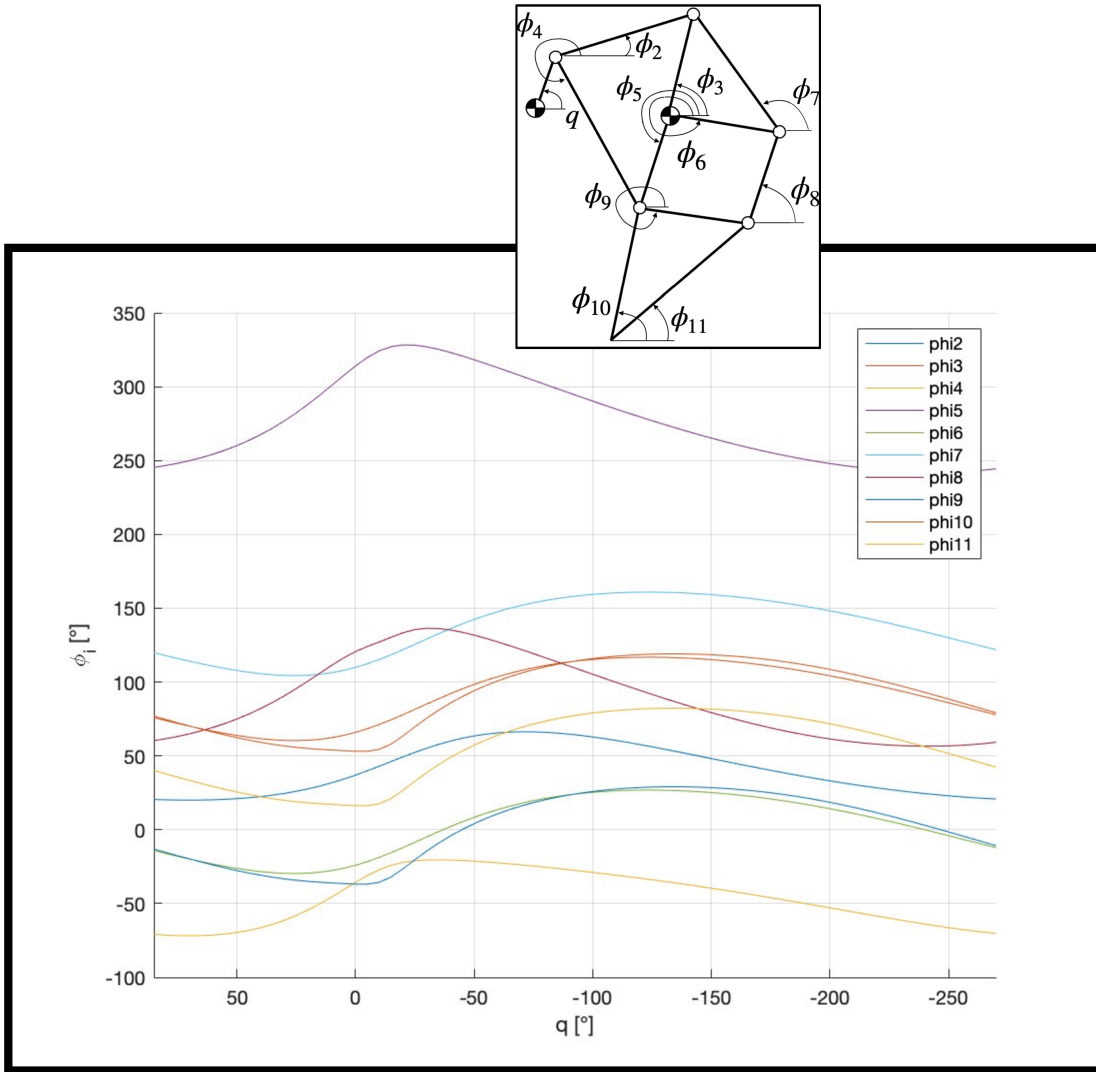
$$\begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_G \\ \dot{y}_G \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \dot{x}_E \\ \dot{y}_E \end{Bmatrix} - a_{10} \begin{Bmatrix} -\text{sen}\phi_{10} \\ \text{cos}\phi_{10} \end{Bmatrix} \dot{\phi}_{10}$$



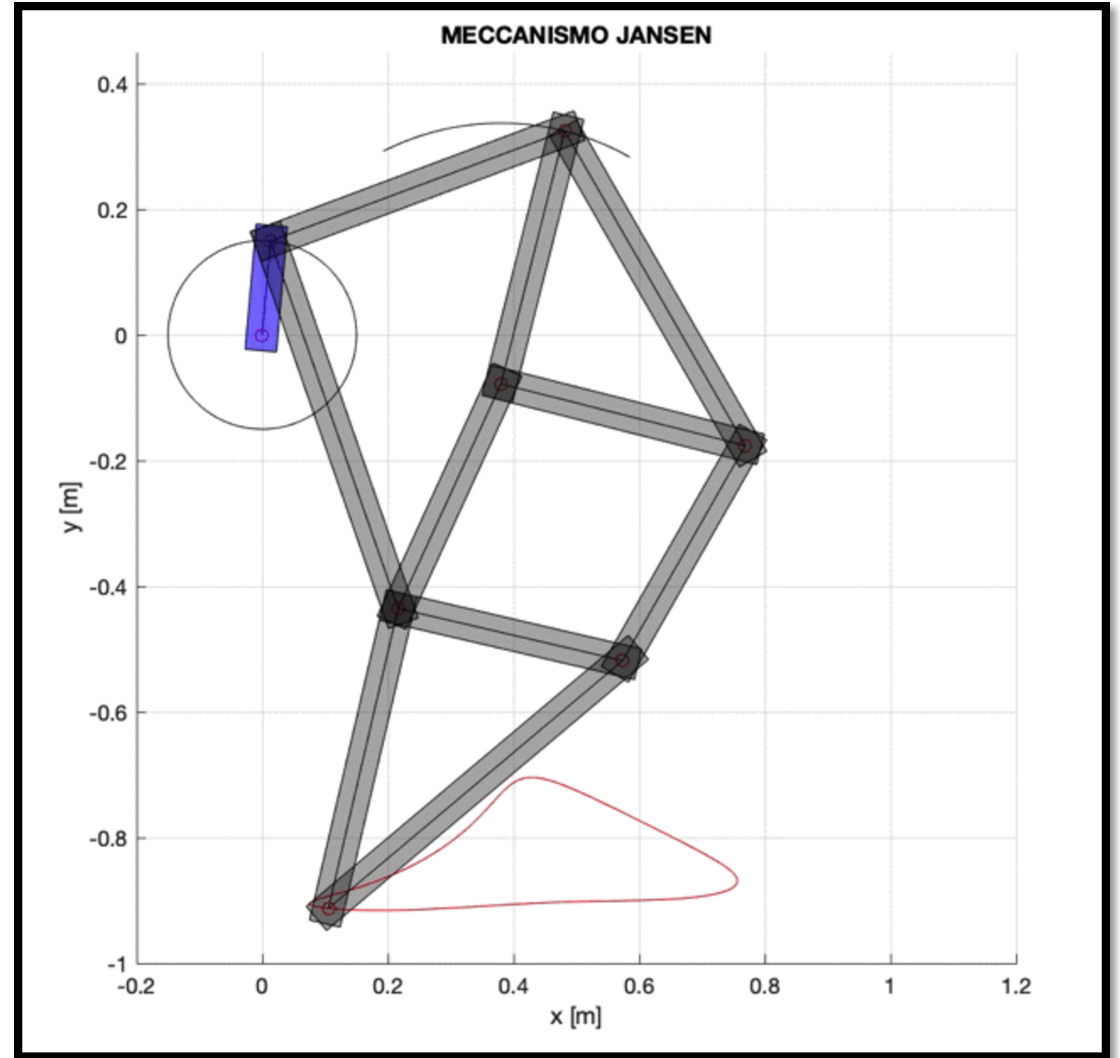
Rapporti di velocità per una rotazione completa della manovella



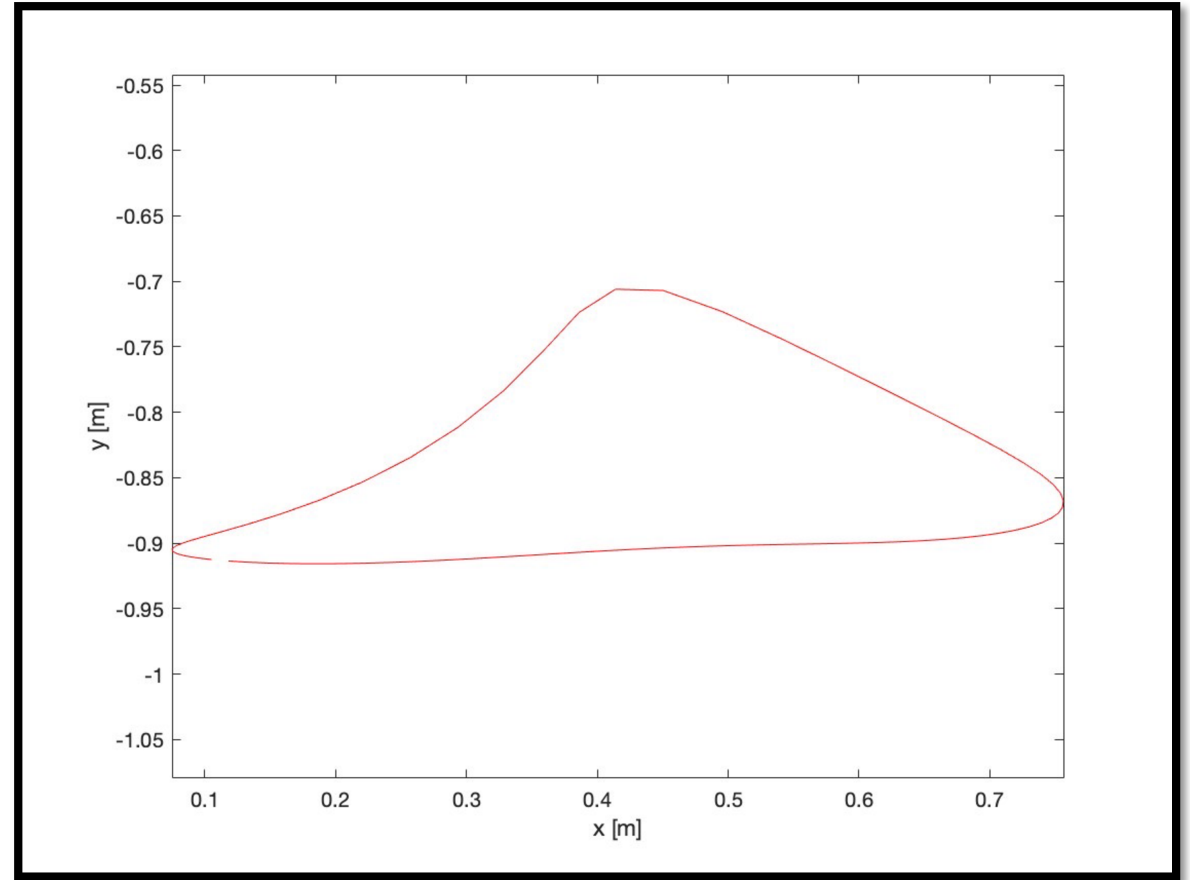
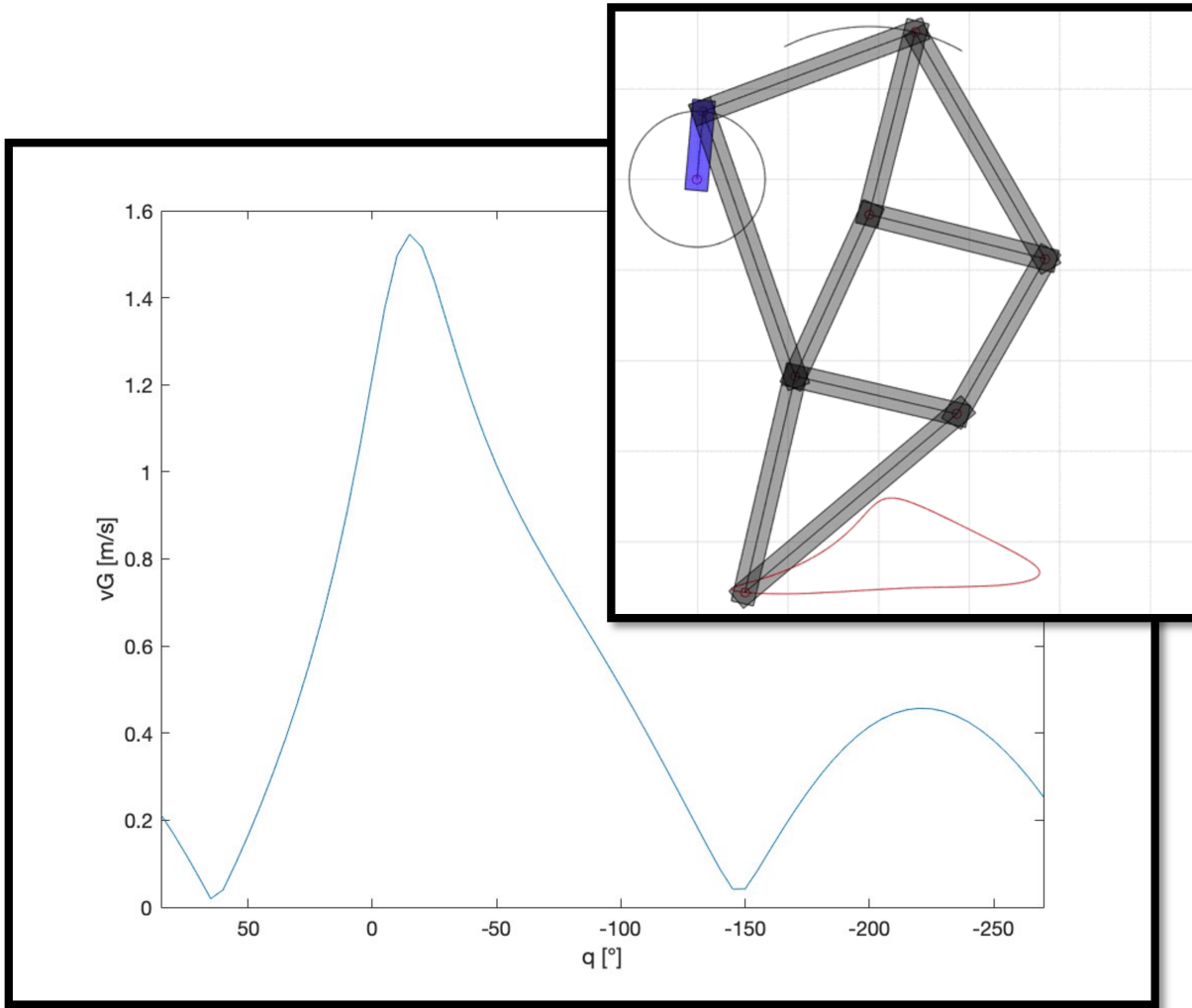
Rapporti di accelerazione per una rotazione completa della manovella



Angoli per una rotazione completa della manovella



Simulazione del meccanismo



Velocità punto G per una rotazione completa della manovella

Traiettoria punto G